

"Gheorghe Asachi" Technical University of Iasi, Romania



COST-EFFECTIVE TECHNOLOGIES TO CONTROL INDOOR AIR QUALITY AND COMFORT IN ENERGY EFFICIENT BUILDING RETROFITTING

Gian Marco Revel¹, Marco Arnesano^{1*}, Filippo Pietroni¹, Jürgen Frick², Manuela Reichert², Katrin Schmitt³, Jochen Huber³, Martin Ebermann⁴, Umberto Battista⁵, Franck Alessi⁶

¹Università Politecnica delle Marche, Department of Industrial Engineering and Mathematical Science, Ancona, Italy

²University of Stuttgart, Materials Testing Institute Stuttgart, Germany

³Fraunhofer Institute for Physical Measurement Techniques, Freiburg, Germany

⁴InfraTec GmbH, Germany

⁵Stam srl, Italy

⁶Laboratoire d'Energétique du Bâtiment – CEA, INES, le Bourget du Lac, France

Abstract

This paper presents a toolset for the efficient control of the indoor air quality and thermal comfort in retrofitted buildings. The refurbishment of existing buildings, compliant to actual regulations, often leads to airtightness and the consequent poor conditions for the occupants that could cause low productivity and even sickness. For this reason, the CETIEB (Cost Effective Tools for Better Indoor Environment in Retrofitted Energy Efficient Buildings) project developed innovative low-cost solutions to monitor and control the indoor air quality and thermal comfort. Among the technologies developed, this paper presents ad-hoc sensors for the monitoring of Total Volatile Organic Components (TVOC), CO₂ and thermal comfort together with a control logic that, using measured data, provides the optimal rules to actuate the control devices (ventilation, heating/cooling, windows opening, shutters operation and so on). The application and validation of the integrated solution, monitoring plus control logic, was performed in a laboratory building to compare the performance of the proposed solution with the traditional system employed in buildings. The results turned out to show sensors performances comparable with commercial solutions but with a significant reduction of costs. Moreover, the application of the integrated solution showed an improvement of the indoor air quality and comfort with a 15% of energy saving, compared to the traditional thermostatic control.

Key words: energy efficiency, gas sensor, HVAC control, indoor air quality, thermal comfort

Received: December, 2014; Revised final: June, 2015; Accepted: June, 2015

_

^{*} Author to whom all correspondence should be addressed: e-mail: m.arnesano@univpm.it; Phone: +39 0712204508; Fax: +39 0712204801